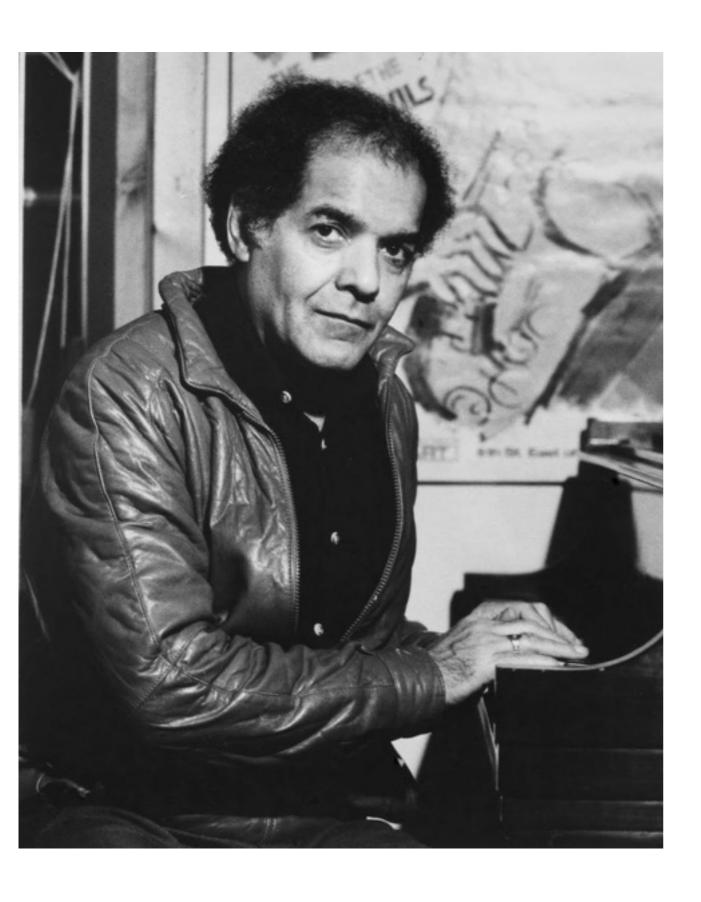
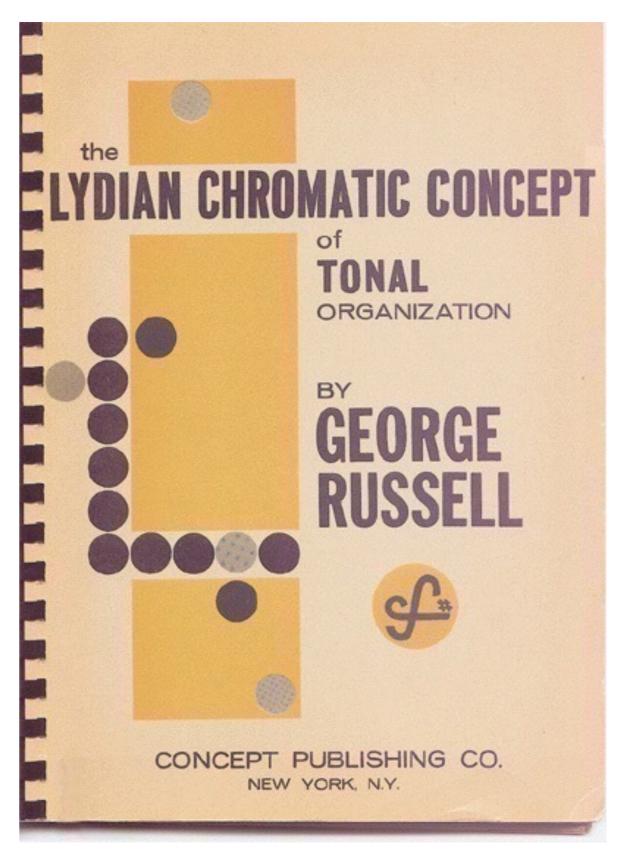
# Reconceptualizing the Lydian Chromatic Concept: George Russell as Historical Theorist

Michael McClimon michael@mcclimon.org



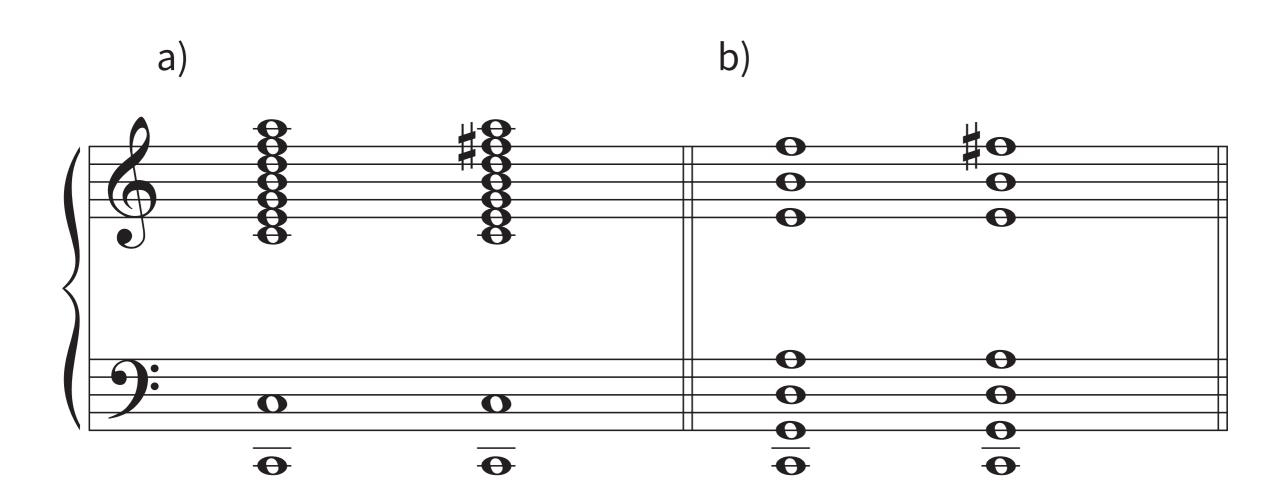


- 1998 Caplin, Classical Form
- 1999 Krebs, *Fantasy Pieces*
- 2001 Lerdahl, *Tonal Pitch Space*
- 2001 *Lydian Chromatic Concept*, 4th ed.

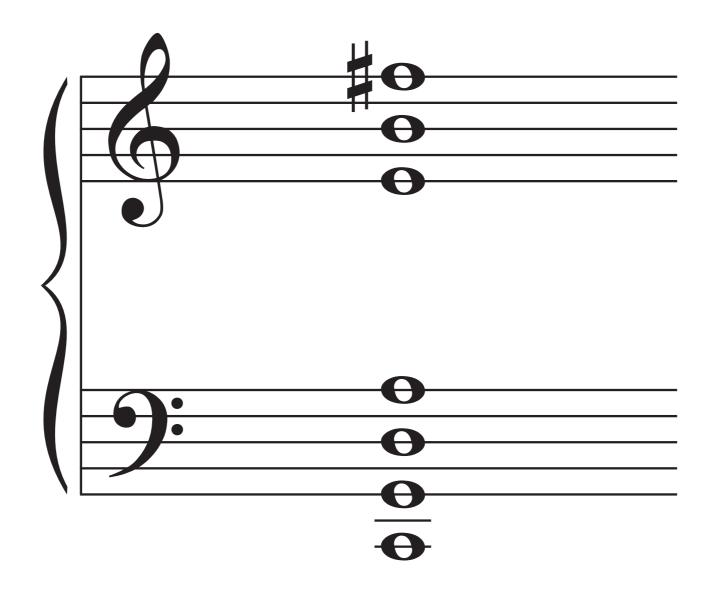
# Lydian Chromatic Concept

- Chord/scale equivalence
- Lydian tonal organization

# Lydian Tonal Organization



# Tonal Gravity



The Lydian Tonic, as the musical "Star-Sun," is the seminal source of tonal gravity and organization of a Lydian Chromatic scale. [...] UNITY is the state in which the Lydian Scale exists in relation to its I major and VI minor tonic station chords, as well as those on other scale degrees. Unity is . . . instantaneous completeness and oneness in the *Absolute Here and Now* . . . above linear time.

The Lydian Scale is the musical *passive* force. Its unified tonal gravity field, ordained by the ladder of fifths, serves as a theoretical basis for tonal organization within the Lydian Chromatic Scale and, ultimately, for the entire Lydian Chromatic Concept. There is no "goal pressure" within the tonal gravity field of a Lydian Scale. The Lydian Scale exists as a self-organized *Unity* in relations to its tonic tone and tonic major chord. The Lydian Scale implies an evolution to higher levels of tonal organization. The Lydian Scale is the true scale of tonal unity and the scale which clearly represents the phenomenon of tonal gravity itself.

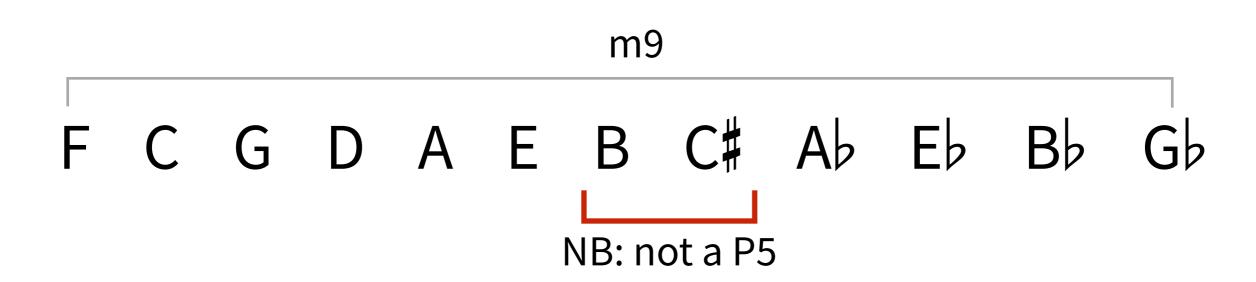
Only genius is imbued with a sense of tonal space. It is its innate awareness, just as the concepts of physical space (as extension of of the human body) and time (as growth and development of the body) are inborn, innate in every human as part of the sense of their own body.

Schenker, "Elucidations," *Tonwille* 8/9 (1924)

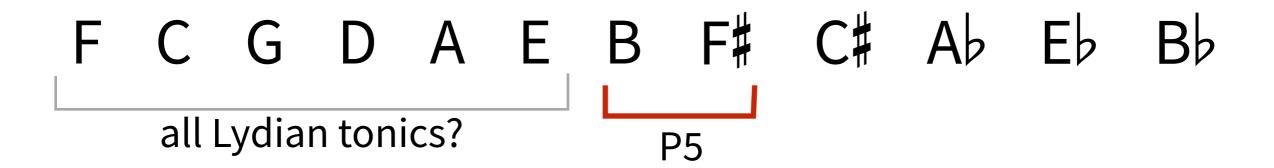
On rare occasions one encounters the substitution of an inversion for the V or V<sup>7</sup> chord at the MC point. Regardless of whether the dominant has previously appeared in root position, this situation should be understood as a medial-caesura deformation, which might well impact the subsequent S.

Hepokoski/Darcy, *Elements of Sonata Theory*, p. 26 (2008)

# Lydian Chromatic Order of Tonal Gravity

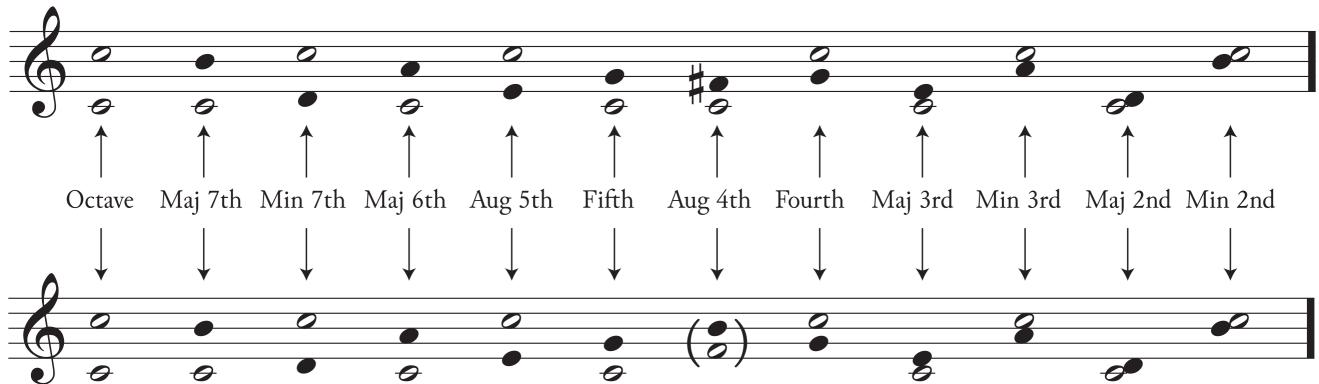


# Lydian Chromatic Order of Tonal Gravity



### "Interval Tonic Justification"

C Lydian Scale



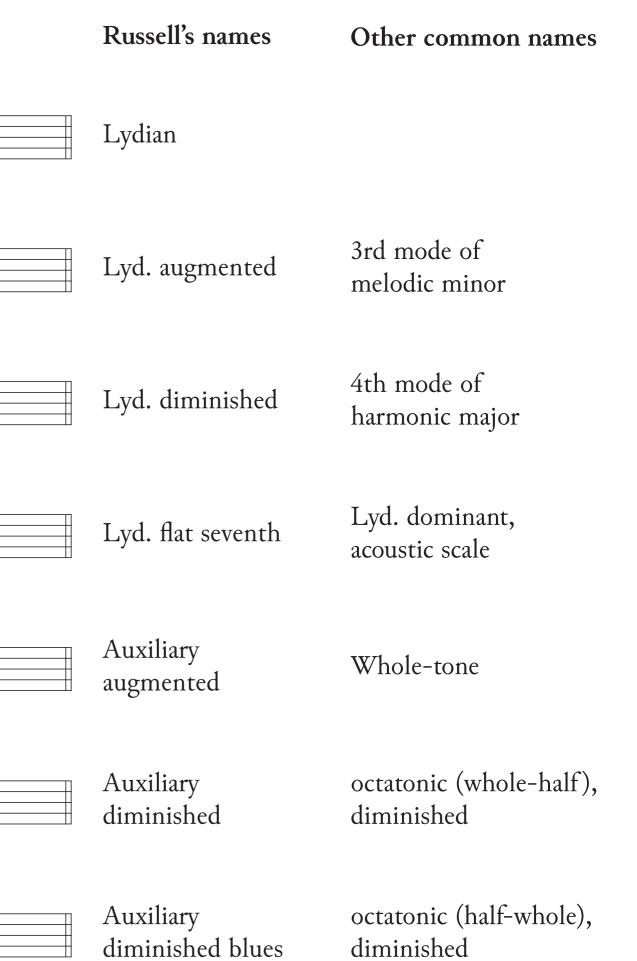
C major scale

# Lydian Chromatic Order of Tonal Gravity

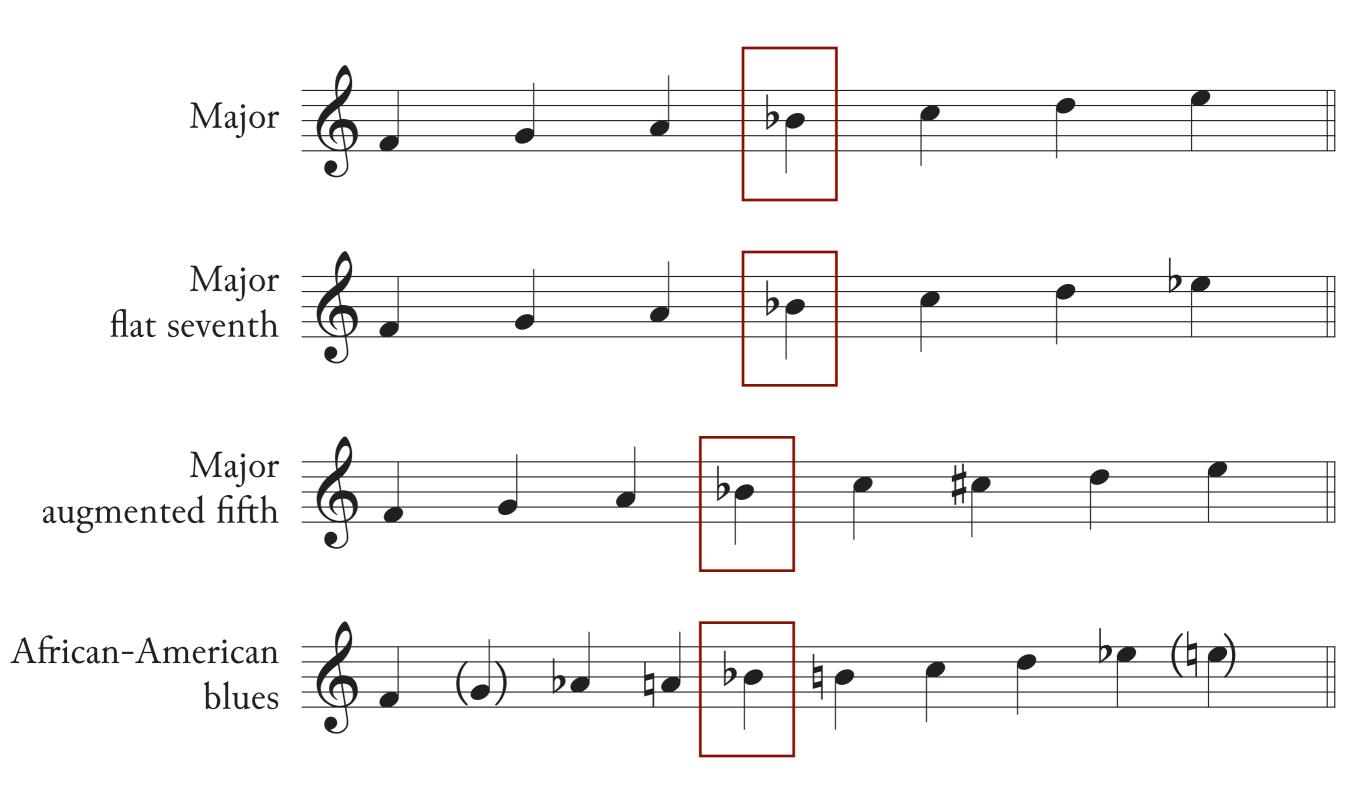
### Member scale criteria

- a) a scale's capacity to parent chords considered important in the development of Western harmony
- b) a scale as being most representative of a tonal level of the Lydian Chromatic scale
- c) the historical and/or sociological significance of a scale

(Lydian Chromatic Concept, p. 12)



#### 12 TONE ORDER **OUTGOING TONAL GRAVITY LEVEL** Aux. Dim. Blues 11 TONE ORDER SEMI-OUTGOING TONAL GRAVITY LEVEL Aux. Dim. 10 TONE ORDER SEMI-OUTGOING TONAL GRAVITY LEVEL Lydian **b**7 9 TONE ORDER **CONSONANT NUCLEUS** SEMI-INGOING TONAL GRAVITY LEVEL Lydian Dim. 7 TONE ORDER Lydian INGOING TONAL GRAVITY LEVEL Aug. Lydian Aux. Aug. **LYDIAN** TONIC **VII b**||| VII +|V IV V VI Ш +V Ш F E## G Ε В C# G# D# A# Α 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 $(A \triangleright)$ (E) (B<sub>></sub>) (G)



# Chord/Scale Equivalence

In a conversation I had with Miles Davis in 1945, I asked, "Miles, what's your musical aim?" His answer, "to learn all the changes (chords)," was somewhat puzzling to me since I felt—and I was hardly alone in the feeling that Miles played like he already knew all the chords. After dwelling on his statement for some months, I became mindful that Miles's answer may have implied the need to relate to chords in a new way.

This motivated my quest to expand the tonal environment of the chord beyond the immediate tones of its basic structure, leading to the irrevocable conclusion that every traditionally definable chord of Western music theory has its origin in a PARENT SCALE. In this vertical sense, the term refers to that scale which is ordained—by the nature of tonal gravity—to be a chord's source of arising, and ultimate vertical completeness; the chord and its parent scale existing in a state of complete and indestructible chord/scale unity—a CHORDMODE.

(Lydian Chromatic Concept, p. 10)

The chord and its parent scale are an inseparable entity—the reciprocal sound of one another. . . . In other words, the complete sound of a chord is its corresponding mode within its parent scale. Therefore, the broader term CHORDMODE is substituted for what is generally referred to as "the chord."

(Lydian Chromatic Concept, p. 20–21)

Mode	Spelling	Principal chordmode	Sub-principal chords
I Major	CDEF#GAB	Cmaj13#11	CM (triad), Cmaj6, Cmaj7, Cmaj7♭5
II Seventh	DEF#GABC	D13	D7, D9, D11
VI Minor	ABCDEF#G	Am13	Am (triad), Am6, Am7, Am9, Am11
III Major (IIIB/Minor +5)	EF#GABCD	Cmaj13#11/E	C/E, Cmaj7/E, etc.
+IV Minor Seventh >5	F# G A B C D E	F#m11 <sup>55</sup> <sub>59</sub> <sub>513</sub>	F#m7\5, F#m7\5\9, F#m11\5\9
V Major (VB)	GABCDEF#	Cmaj13#11/G	C/G, Cmaj7/G, etc.
VII Eleventh ♭9 (VIIB)	BCDEF#GA	Cmaj13#11/B	B11 9, C/B, Cmaj9/B, Cmaj9#11/B

## Primary Modal Genre

A PMG is an assemblage of Principal Chord Families of similar type: a Principal Chord Family mansion housing the spectrum of variously colored Principal Chord Families of the same essential harmonic genre.

(Lydian Chromatic Concept, p. 29)

# Mode 2, C auxiliary diminished

As a scale

As a chord



<b>Primary Modal Tonic</b>	<b>Primary Modal Genre</b>

l	major and altered major chords
II	seventh and altered seventh chords
III	[I] major and altered [I] major 3B (minor +5) chords
+IV	minor seventh ♭5 / [I] major +4B chords
V	[I] major and altered [I]5B chords
VI	minor and altered minor chords
VII	eleventh ♭9 / [I] major 7¤ chords
+V	seventh +5 chords

### CHART A

Primary Modal Tonic Degrees

### PRIMARY MODAL GENRE OF A

LYDIAN CHROMATIC SCALE

Alternate and Conceptual Modal Tonic Degrees

### I Major / Altered Major

(Vh) (IIh) (Ih)

PARENT SCALE is the first in Chart A's descending order of Principal Scales to list the Prevailing Major/Altered Major chordmode over Primary Modal Tonic I.

PARENT LYDIAN TONIC is the tonic degree of the chord-mode

### II Seventh / Altered Seventh

(+V) (VII) (III) (+IV) (IIh) (I)

PARENT Scale is the first in Chart A's descending order of Principal Scales to list the Prevailing Seventh/Altered Seventh chordmode over Primary Modal Tonic II.

PARENT LYDIAN TONIC is the flat seventh degree of the chordmode

### III Major IIIB / Minor +5

(Vh Maj 3в) (IIh Maj <sup>ь</sup>7 3в)

PARENT SCALE is the first in Chart A's descending order of Principal Scales to list the Prevailing Major IIIB/Minor +5 chordmode over Primary Modal Tonic III.

PARENT LYDIAN TONIC is the augmented fifth degree of the chordmode

### +IV Minor Seventh 5/ Major +IVB

PARENT SCALE is the first in Chart A's descending order of Principal Scales to list the Prevailing Minor Seventh 5/major +IVB chordmode over Primary Modal Tonic +IV.

PARENT LYDIAN TONIC is the augmented fourth degree of the chordmode

#### THE SEVEN PRINCIPAL SCALES

OF A LYDIAN CHROMATIC SCALE AND ITS PRINCIPAL AND SUB-PRINCIPAL CHORDMODES

### Lydian Scale Chordmodes

Lyd Maj 13th	13th	I'Lyd Maj 13th/Шв	I Lyd Maj 13th/+IVB	I Lyd Maj 13th/Vв	min 13th	I Lyd Maj 13th/VIIB
Maj triad	7th	Maj triad/Шв	min 7th 5	Maj triad/Vв	min triad	7th 69
Maj 6th	9th	Maj 6th/Шв	min 7th 55 9	Maj 6th/Vв	min 6th	11th <sup>6</sup> 9
Maj 7th	11th	Maj 7th/Шв	min 11th \$5 \$9	Maj 7th/Vв	min 7th	11th <sup>6</sup> 9 +5
Maj 9th		Maj 9th/Шв	min 11th 5 +5 5 9	Maj 9th/Vв	min 9th	
Maj 7th ⁵5	_	Maj 7th ♭5/IIIB		Maj 7th 5/VB	min 11th	
		(min +5)				
I	$\Pi$	III	$+\mathbf{IV}$	${f v}$	VI	$\mathbf{VII}$

### Lydian Augmented Scale Chordmodes

Lyd Aug Maj 13th	13th +11	I LA* Maj 13th/IIIB	I LA Maj 13th/+IVB	7th +5 \\ 9	min 13th +7	I LA Maj 13th/VIIв
Aug Maj triad	7th <sup>1</sup> 5	Aug Maj triad/IIIB	min 7th 5	+9 +11	min +7	7th <sup>5</sup> 9
Aug Maj 7th	9th +11	Aug Maj 7th/Шв	min 9th 5	7th +5	min 9th +7	7th \( 9 + 9
Aug Maj 9th		Aug Maj 9th/IIIB	min 11th 5	7th +5 b9	min 11th +7	$11$ th $^{ m b}9$
Aug Maj 7th ♭5		Aug Maj 7th ♭5/IIIв	min 11th +5 +11	7th +5 +9		
Aug Maj 9th +11		Aug Maj 9th +11/IIIB		7th +5 +11		
I	$\Pi$	$\mathbf{III}$	$+\mathbf{IV}$	$+\nabla$	$\mathbf{VI}$	$\mathbf{VII}$
*LA = Lydian Angmer	nted					

### Lydian Diminished Scale Chordmodes

LD* Maj 13th	13th <sup>6</sup> 9	I LD Maj 13th ( <sup>h</sup> IIIв)	I LD Maj 13th/+IVB	I LD Maj 13th/Vв	min 13th <sup>6</sup> 5	I LD Maj 13th/VIIB
Dim Maj triad	7th 69		Dim tetrachord	Dim Maj triad/VB	min 7th 5	7th \( 9
LD Maj	11th  9			Lyd Dim Maj/Vв	min 9th 5	7th +9
Dim Maj 6th				Dim Maj 6th/Vв	min 11th <sup>5</sup> 5	7th +5
Dim Maj 7th		•		Dim Maj 7th/Vв		7th ♭9 +5
Dim Maj 9th				Dim Maj 9th/Vв		
Ι	$\Pi$ .	$^{ ho}\mathrm{III}$	$+\Gamma V$	$\mathbf{V}$	$\mathbf{VI}$	VII
*LD = Lydian Dimir	nished			•		

### Lydian Flat Seventh Scale Chordmodes

Lyd<sup>b</sup>7 Maj 13th 11th<sup>b</sup>13th I Lyd<sup>b</sup>7 Maj 13th/IIIB I Lyd<sup>b</sup>7 Maj 13th/+IVB I Lyd<sup>b</sup>7 Maj 13th/VB min 13th<sup>b</sup>9 I Lyd<sup>b</sup>7 Maj 13th
Maj <sup>b</sup>7 7th +5 Maj <sup>b</sup>7/IIIB min 7th <sup>b</sup>5 Maj <sup>b</sup>7/VB min 7th <sup>b</sup>9 (<sup>b</sup>VIIB)

### THE SEVEN PRINCIPAL SCALES

OF A LYDIAN CHROMATIC SCALE AND ITS PRINCIPAL AND SUB-PRINCIPAL CHORDMODES

### E > 7

### Lydian Scale Chordmodes

Lyd Maj 13th	13th	TLyd Maj 13th/IIIв	I Lyd Maj 13th/+IVв	I Lyd Maj 13th/VB	min 13th	I Lyd Maj 13th/VIIB
Maj triad	7th	Maj triad/IIIB	min 7th 5	Maj triad/Vв	min triad	7th 69
Maj 6th	9th	Maj 6th/IIIв	min 7th 55 9	Maj 6th/VB	min 6th	11th 69
Maj 7th	11th	Maj 7th/IIIB	min 11th \$5 \$9	Maj 7th/Vв	min 7th	11th <sup>6</sup> 9 +5
Maj 9th		Maj 9th/IIIB	min 11th 5 +5 9	Maj 9th/Vв	min 9th	
Maj 7th 5		Maj 7th <sup>5</sup> 5/IIIB		Maj 7th 5/VB	min 11th	
		$(\min +5)$				
I MO	$\Pi$	III	$\pm \mathbf{IV}$	V	VI	VII
IVIZ						

### Db

\*LA = Lydian Augmented

### Lydian Augmented Scale Chordmodes

Lyd Aug Maj 13th	13th +11	I LA* Maj 13th/IIIB	I LA Maj 13th/+IVB	7th +5 59	min 13th +7 I	I LA Maj 13th/VIIB
Aug Maj triad	7th 5	Aug Maj triad/IIIB	min 7th 5	+9 +11	min +7	7th <sup>6</sup> 9
Aug Maj 7th	9th +11	Aug Maj 7th/IIIB	min 9th 5	7th +5	min 9th +7	7th 69 +9
Aug Maj 9th		Aug Maj 9th/IIIB	min 11th 5	7th +5 b9	min 11th +7	11th <sup>6</sup> 9
Aug Maj 7th 5		Aug Maj 7th 5/IIIB	min 11th +5 +11	7th +5 +9		
Aug Maj 9th +11		Aug Maj 9th +II/IIIB		7th +5 +11		
I	II	III	+TV	$+\nabla$	VI	VII

So, if the chord is  $E_{7}$ 

then the Lydian Tonic is

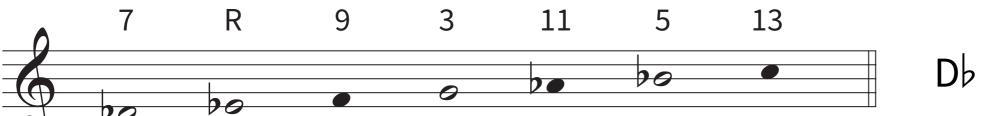
and the Parent scale is Db Lydian

Eb7 – 2nd mode of Db Lydian

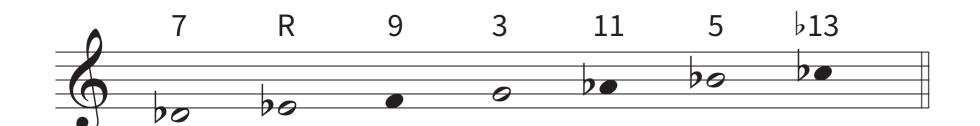


Eb7 – Eb Mixolydian

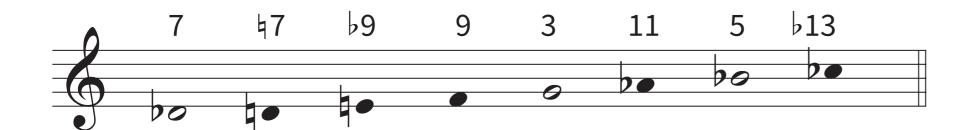




Db Lydian



Db Lydian b7



Db aux. dim. blues

# Chord/Scale Theory after Russell

- Jamey Aebersold Jazz Handbook.
- Richard Grag/Barrie Nettles The Chord Scale Theory and Jazz Harmony
- Andy Jaffe Jazz Harmony
- Mark Levine The Jazz Theory Book
- Joe Mulholland/Tom Hojnacki The Berklee Book of Jazz Harmony

# Levine's chapter on chord-scale theory

- Major scale harmony
- Melodic minor scale harmony
- Diminished scale harmony
- Whole-tone scale harmony

# Major-scale harmony (from Levine)

Ionian	Cmaj7 (avoid sd 4)
Dorian	Dm7
Phrygian	Esus 9
Lydian	Fmaj7#4
Mixolydian	G7 (avoid sd 4); Gsus
Aeolian	Am♭6
Locrian	Bm7♭5

# Minor-scale harmony (from Levine)

I	CmM7	minor-major
II	Dsus 9	<u>—</u>
III	E♭maj7♯5	Lydian augmented
IV	F7#11	Lydian dominant
V	CmM7/G	
VI	Am7♭5	half-diminished; Locrian #2
VII	B7alt.	altered; dim. whole-tone

The notion of chord/scale unity as the logical approach to the vertical manifestation of harmony was simply overlooked by classical Western theorists. The understanding that the term HARMONY means UNITY, and already complete VERTICAL ONENESS of elements existing in the momentary NOW above time was either missed or dismissed by the founding fathers of Western classical music theory.

Lydian Chromatic Concept, p. 222

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